

\$ building for the command line inter-


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WHY THE CLI?

PHP EVERYWHERE!

- Re-use application code
- Reduce language sprawl
- PHP  Scripting

INVOKING PHP ON THE

Via the PHP binary:

```
$ php my-command.php
```

With the PHP shebang:

```
#!/usr/bin/env php
```

```
$ chmod +x my-command.php  
$ ./my-command.php
```

WHEN MIGHT I USE THE

- Data migrations & transformations
- Maintenance scripts
- Dev-only actions
 - Scaffolding
 - Other code changes
- "#YOLO scripts"

CLIs FOR YOUR FAVORITE FRAMEWORKS


DRUSH

- "Drupal Shell"
 - One of the OG CLI tools for PHP C
- Manage themes, modules, system

WP-CLI

- Install core, themes, plugins, etc.
- Manage posts, terms, users, and more
- Inspect and maintain cron, caches, transients
- Extensible for themes + plugins

LARAVEL ARTISAN

- The underlying CLI for Laravel
 - Built atop the Symfony Console
- Scaffold 
- Allows packages to register new

JOOMLATOOLS CONSO

- CLI framework for Joomla
- Manage sites, extensions, datab
 - Includes virtual host manage

CLI CONCEPTS

COMPOSABILITY

Good CLI commands should be **co**

RULE OF COMPOSABILITY

“*Developers should write programs that communicate easily with other programs. This rule aims to allow developers to break down projects into small, simple modules rather than overly complex monolithic programs.*”

—Eric S. Raymond, *The Art of Unix Programming*

DATA STREAMS

Three default data streams

0. STDIN - input

1. STDOUT - output

2. STDERR - errors

DATA STREAMS IN PRACTICE

```
# Get the number of unique IP addresses in access.log
$ grep -Eo "([0-9]{1,3}[\.]){3}[0-9]{1,3}" \
  /var/log/nginx/access.log \
  | uniq \
  | wc -l \
  | xargs printf "%d unique IP addresses detected\n"
43282 unique IP addresses detected
```

EXIT CODES

Exit codes tell us how everything

Code	Meaning
0	All good!
1	Generic error
2	Incorrect command/arguments
3–255	Specific errors

EXIT CODES & BOOLEAN OPERATORS

```
# Celebrate a non-zero exit code!
```

```
$ do-something && celebrate
```

```
# Hang your head in shame if something fails
```

```
$ do-something || hang-head-in-shame
```

```
# Put the operators together
```

```
$ (do-something && celebrate) || hang-head-in-shame
```

```
# Semi-colons don't care, they just separate commands
```

```
$ do-something; celebrate; hang-head-in-shame
```

ARGUMENTS + OPTION

```
# Arguments
$ cd /var/www
$ grep "Some text" file.txt

# Options
$ git commit -m "This is my commit message"
$ ls -a -l
$ ls -al

# Long options
$ composer outdated --format=json
$ git push --force-with-lease
```

CONVENTIONS FOR OPTI

OPTIONS:

<code>-h --help</code>	Print usage instructions
<code>-q --quiet</code>	Silence all output
<code>-v --version</code>	Print version information
<code>--verbose</code>	Print additional output

ENVIRONMENT VARIABLES

Set and read variables in the current environment

```
# Export from shell files
export CURRENT_CITY="Bowling Green"

# Set directly in shell
$ CURRENT_CITY="Chicago"

# Set as you call a command
$ CURRENT_CITY="Rosemont" some-script
```

ENVIRONMENT VARIABLES

```
# Get array of all environment variables  
getenv();
```

```
# Retrieve a specific variable (false if unset)  
getenv('SOMEVAR');
```

```
# Set an environment variable  
putenv('SOMEVAR=some_value');
```

```
# Delete an environment variable  
putenv('SOMEVAR=');
```

THE CLI SAPI

Additional **S**erver **A**PI for P

```
// Check the current SAPI. We can also use PHP
if (php_sapi_name() === 'cli') {
    // We're on the command line!!
}
```

SPECIAL CLI GLOBALS

int **\$argc**

Argument count

array **\$argv**

Argument values

Both will always have at least one

WHAT WILL WE SEE?

```
$ php -r 'echo "{$argc} arg(s):\n"; var_export  
    PHP "is great"
```

```
3 arg(s):  
array (  
    0 => 'Standard input code',  
    1 => 'PHP',  
    2 => 'is great',  
)
```


DAEMONS

A process that continually runs
background

```
while (true) {  
    // do something!  
}
```



Building PHP Daemons and
Running Processes

WRITING CLI COMMANDS

github.com/stevegrunwell/php-cli

A SIMPLE GREETER

```
#!/usr/bin/env php
<?php

$name = $argv[1] ?? 'there';

printf("Hello, %s!\n", $name);
```

```
$ php hello.php Ben  
Hello, Ben!
```

```
$ php hello.php  
Hello, there!
```

ACCEPTING OPTIONS

```
#!/usr/bin/env php
#
# USAGE:
#
#     hello.php [-g|--greeting=<greeting>] <name>
<?php

$opts = getopt('g:', [
    'greeting:',
], $index);
$greeting = $opts['greeting'] ?? $opts['g'] ??
$name = $argv[$index] ?? 'there';

printf("%s, %s!\n", $greeting, $name);
```

```
$ php hello.php --greeting="Salutations" Dylan  
Salutations, Dylan!
```

```
$ php hello.php -g="Salutations" Dylan  
Salutations, Dylan!
```

WE CAN DO BETTER THAN `getopt()`



PERFORMING SYSTEM OPERATIONS

- PHP has built-in functions for things like `chmod()`, `mkdir()`, etc.
 - Even more with [Flysystem](#)
- Can also execute arbitrary system commands

CALLING OTHER SCRIPTS

`exec()`

Execute, return the last line of output.
Can capture full output as array,

`shell_exec()`

Execute, return the full output as a string.

CALLING OTHER SCRIPTS

`system()`

Returns last line of output

Flushes buffer as it goes

`passthru()`

Best choice for binary files

ESCAPING COMMANDS & ARG

escapeshellcmd()

Escape an entire command

escapeshellarg()

Escape an individual argument

WITHOUT ESCAPING

```
$name = 'Larry && rm -rf /';
```

```
# Uh oh, $name isn't being escaped!  
exec('greet-user ' . $name);
```

```
# You're about to have a very bad day...  
Hello, Larry!
```

WITH PROPER ESCAPING

```
$name = 'Larry && rm -rf /';
```

```
# Escape the argument with escapeshellarg()  
exec('greet-user ' . escapeshellarg($name));
```

```
# Weird name, but no harm done  
Hello, Larry && rm -rf /!
```

LIBRARIES & FRAMEW

SYMFONY CONSOLE

- CLI framework of choice
- Handlers for input & output
- Built-in help screen, validation
- Born to be tested

BUILDING A SYMFONY CONSOLE CO

```
namespace App\Command;

use Symfony\Component\Console\Attribute\AsCommand;
use Symfony\Component\Console\Command\Command;

#[AsCommand(name: 'app:create-user')]
class CreateUserCommand extends Command
{
    // ...
}
```

CONFIGURING THE COMMAND

```
protected function configure(): void
{
    $this->setDescription('Creates a new user.
        ->setHelp(/* Full help text goes here.
        ->addArgument(/* ... */)
        ->addOption(/* ... */);
}
```

THE EXECUTE() METHOD

```
use Symfony\Component\Console\Input\InputInter
use Symfony\Component\Console\Output\OutputInt

protected function execute(
    InputInterface $input,
    OutputInterface $output
): int {
    // Do something in here!

    return Command::SUCCESS;
}
```

ARGUMENTS + OPTIONS

```
$user = new User($input->getArgument('email'))  
  
if ($input->getOption('admin')) {  
    $user->makeAdmin();  
}  
  
$user->save();
```

BOOTSTRAP OUR COMMAND

```
#!/usr/bin/env php
<?php

require __DIR__ . '/vendor/autoload.php';

use App\Command\CreateUserCommand;
use Symfony\Component\Console\Application;

$app = new Application();
$app->add(CreateUserCommand());
$app->run();
```

CALLING OUR COMMAND

```
$ php console.php app:create-user beth@example.com
```

```
# If we've made console.php executable
```

```
$ console.php app:create-user andy@example.com
```

```
# Produce the help documentation
```

```
$ php console.php app:create-user --help
```

PHP-CLI TOOLS

- Maintained by the WP-CLI team
- Simplify input + output
 - Prompts, menus, and more
 - Output formatting: tables, progress bars, and more!

PHP-CLI TOOLS

```
#!/usr/bin/env php
<?php

require_once __DIR__ . '/vendor/autoload.php';

$limit = cli\prompt('How high should I count?');
$loud  = cli\choose('Shall I shout it');
$suffix = $loud === 'y' ? '!' : '.';

for ($i = 1; $i <= $limit; $i++) {
    cli\line($i . $suffix);
}
```


PHP-CLI TOOLS

```
$ php Counter.php  
How high should I count? [10]: 5  
Shall I shout it? [y/N]y  
1!  
2!  
3!  
4!  
5!
```

CLImate

- The League of Extraordinary Pack
- More focused on output
 - Progress bars, borders, JSON, an
- Includes helpers for ASCII art and



CLI BEST PRACTICES

CHECK YOUR ASSUMPTIONS

- Check that commands exist before
- Don't hard-code system paths

RULE OF SILENCE

“

Developers should design programs so that they do not print unnecessary output. This rule aims to allow other programmers to pick out the information they need from a program's output without having to parse verbosity.

—Eric S. Raymond, *The Art of Unix Programming*

```
# Default behavior
```

```
$ some-command
```

```
Command completed successfully!
```

```
# Only produce output if something went wrong
```

```
$ some-command --quiet
```

```
# Be more verbose
```

```
$ some-command --verbose
```

```
Reindexing database...OK
```

```
Reticulating splines...OK
```

```
Command completed successfully!
```

GARBAGE COLLECTION

- Clean up objects when you're
- Be judicious with caching
- Watch for ballooning objects &

IGNORE WEB REQUESTS

If your commands live within the
prevent them from being run outside

```
// Only allow this script to run on the CLI!  
if (PHP_SAPI !== 'cli') {  
    exit;  
}
```


SWANSON ON COMMAN



THANK YOU!

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stevegrunwell.com/slides/php-c
github.com/stevegrunwell/php-cli-exa